gas mixture and first and second outlets, said first outlet transmitting a first gas mixture derived from said intake gas mixture and having a higher oxygen content than the intake gas mixture and said second outlet transmitting a second gas mixture derived from said intake gas mixture and having a lower oxygen content than the intake gas mixture;

a breathing chamber having an internal space therein containing air[,] and including an entry communicating with said internal space and through which the user can enter said internal space;

said second outlet communicating with said internal space and transmitting said second mixture to said internal space so that said second mixture mixes with the air in the internal space; [and]

said first outlet transmitting said first gas mixture to the external atmospheric environment [a location wherein it does not mix with the air in the internal space] ; and

said breathing chamber permitting the communication of air in at least one direction between the external atmospheric environment and the internal space and maintaining the air in the internal space at a pressure generally equalized with the ambient air pressure of the external atmospheric environment and at a concentration of oxygen substantially lower than said external ambient oxygen concentration.

- 2. (Amended) The invention according to claim 1 and said inlet of said gas-separation [oxygen-extraction] device [communicating with said internal space and taking] intaking the intake gas mixture from the air in said space.
- 3.(Amended) The invention according to claim 1 and said inlet of said gas-separation [oxygen-extraction] device [not communicating with said internal space and taking] intaking the intake gas mixture from the air [outside said space] of said external atmospheric environment.
- 4.(Amended) The invention according to claim 1 and said [internal space communicating with the atmosphere outside said] breathing chamber having [through] vents therein, said vents providing for flow of air between said external atmospheric environment and said internal space [in said chambers structure].
- 5.(Amended) The invention according to claim 4 and said vents having apertures therein through which [valves for creating pressure difference between the] air can flow in either direction between [inside] said internal

space and <u>said external atmospheric environment</u> [atmosphere outside said internal space].

an external ambient air pressure for providing a low-oxygen environment for a user, said system comprising:

a chamber comprising a door and wall structure defining a closed space into which the user can enter through the door [, said door being selectively closable so that when closed, the chamber is substantially isolated from the outside environment];

a gas processing device having an intake and first and second outlets, said device intaking a gas mixture through said intake and emitting a reduced oxygen gas mixture having a lower concentration of oxygen than said gas mixture through said first outlet and emitting an enriched-oxygen gas mixture having a greater concentration of oxygen than said gas mixture through said second outlet;

said first outlet being connected with said chamber so that the reducedoxygen gas mixture is emitted into said closed space inside the chamber and mixes with the air therein causing the air in the closed space to have a lower oxygen concentration b 9

than the air outside the chamber;

said chamber having apertures therein [in the wall structure thereof] allowing communication therethrough of air in the outside environment with air in the chamber so that the air in the closed space remains at a pressure substantially equal to the external ambient air pressure and at said lower oxygen concentration [, said apertures being substantially the sole communication between the closed space and the outside environment when the door is closed];

said gas processing device comprising [a pump receiving the gas mixture from the inlet and] a separation unit to which the intake gas mixture from the inlet is transmitted, said separation unit separating the intake gas mixture into a reduced oxygen gas mixture with an oxygen concentration lower than said intake gas mixture and an enriched oxygen gas mixture with an oxygen concentration higher than said intake gas mixture, said separation unit having [with] a reduced oxygen mixture conduit through which said reduced oxygen gas mixture is transmitted and an enriched oxygen mixture conduit through which said enriched oxygen gas mixture is transmitted;

said first outlet being operatively associated with said reduced oxygen mixture conduit and receiving said reduced oxygen gas mixture therefrom, said second outlet being operatively associated with said enriched oxygen mixture conduit and receiving said enriched oxygen gas mixture therefrom and releasing said enriched oxygen gas



mixture to the external atmospheric environment [a location removed from said chamber and said apertures].

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7.(Amended) The invention according to claim 6 and said separation unit comprising

<u>a</u> housing defining a space therein and having a separating membrane [block] supported therein [in said housing and] dividing the space into a retentate space and a permeate space, <u>and</u>

a [said] pump pumping said <u>intake</u> gas mixture across said membrane [block] and <u>said intake</u> gas mixture to be separated thereby [separating it] into oxygen enriched permeate <u>in said permeate space which is transmitted to said second outlet</u> [being disposed outside said chamber] and oxygen depleted retentate <u>in said retentate space</u> which is transmitted to said first outlet and [being] released inside said chamber.

13 8. (Amended) The invention according to claim 6 and

said separation unit comprising a pump applying said intake gas mixture to a pressure swing adsorption device having [employing] molecular sieve material which adsorbs [adsorbes] nitrogen from the intake [intaking] gas mixture being compressed by said pump, leaving the enriched oxygen gas mixture which is transmitted to said

enriched oxygen conduit and [whereby the remaining oxygen concentrate] is discharged to the external atmospheric environment outside said chamber and said adsorption device on depressurization releasing a [the] nitrogen concentrate gas which is transmitted as said reduced oxygen gas mixture to said reduced oxygen conduit [being recovered through the depressurization of the nitrogen-saturated molecular sieve material] and is released into said chamber.

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9.(Amended) The invention according to claim & and

said separation unit comprising a pump applying said intake gas mixture to a pressure swing adsorption device having [employing] molecular sieve material which adsorbs [adsorbes] oxygen from the intake [intaking] gas mixture being compressed by said pump, leaving the reduced oxygen gas mixture which is transmitted to said reduced oxygen conduit and [whereby the remaining nitrogen concentrate is] released into said chamber and said adsorption device on depressurization releasing an [the] oxygen concentrate gas which is transmitted as said enriched oxygen gas mixture to said enriched oxygen conduit [being recovered through the depressurization of the oxygen-saturated molecular sieve material] and is discharged to the outside environment [disposed outside the system].

15 10.(Amended) The invention according to claim & and

said intake <u>communicating</u> [being connected] with said closed space inside the chamber so that the <u>intake</u> gas mixture is drawn from the air in the chamber.

17 L. (Amended) The invention according to claim 6 and

said intake <u>intaking</u> [not communicating with said chamber so that] the <u>intake</u> gas mixture <u>from the air of the external atmospheric environment</u> outside the chamber [is drawn for separation].

19 12. (Amended) The invention according to claim 6 and

said apertures providing openings [of at least 2 square centimeters] in said wall structure.

15. (Amended) The invention according to claim 10 and

said apertures <u>in</u> [providing openings for reinstating atmospheric pressure inside] said chamber being located in <u>an</u> upper portion of the chamber.

18 17 14: (Amended) The invention according to claim 11 and said apertures in [providing openings for equalizing atmospheric pressure inside] said chamber being located in a lower portion of the chamber.

said chamber being part of a vehicle and said user being an operator of said vehicle [is a structure inside means of transportation selected from the group consisting of: motor vehicles, airplanes and helicopters, space ships, ships and submarines]; said system selectively supplying a [used for] hypoxic environment to said operator so as maintain the alertness of said operator [training, fighting sleepiness and drowsiness and increasing attentiveness of operators of said means of transportation].

N.(Amended) A system for hypoxic training and therapy simulating an oxygen-depleted mountain air of a higher altitude [different altitudes], said system comprising:

a structure defining a closed space therein. [inside a] said structure having a door and ventilating openings through which air can pass so that air in the closed space and air outside said structure remain at substantially equal pressures;

an oxygen content-reducing device separating an intake air mixture drawn from

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said [ambient] air outside said structure into an oxygen concentrate and a nitrogen concentrate;

said oxygen content-reducing device <u>transmitting said</u> [having a] nitrogen concentrate <u>through an</u> outlet communicating with said closed space and <u>causing said</u> [supplying] air <u>in said closed space to be</u> reduced in oxygen content <u>relative to the air outside the structure</u>, <u>said device transmitting said</u> [a gas inlet receiving air for separation, and an] oxygen concentrate <u>through a second</u> outlet <u>to a location outside</u> <u>said structure</u> [not communicating with said closed space];

a control unit <u>controlling the operation [to control and regulate the performance]</u>
of said oxygen content-reducing device;

an oxygen content sensor [with oxygen depletion alarm for] monitoring

an oxygen content level inside said closed space and communicating with said control

unit [;] so that the oxygen content of the air in the closed space is maintained at a

desired level.

18. (Amended) The invention according to claim 17 and

said system having <u>a</u> humidity and temperature control unit [for] regulating humidity and temperature of the air inside said closed space.



25 19.(Amended) The invention according to claim 17 and

said system having a pulse oximeter [for] monitoring the user's [users] pulse rate and blood saturation with oxygen[.]; said oximeter transmitting data to said control unit; and

said control unit regulating the oxygen content of the air in the closed space responsive to said data [for computerized processing and regulating oxygen content level inside said closed space in accordance to users condition].

24 20. (Amended) The invention according to claim 17 and

[said system having] physical exercise equipment inside said closed space[, said system used for hypoxic training of humans and mammals in order to increase their strength, vitality and resistance to various diseases].

15.22.(Amended) The invention according to claim and

said <u>structure defining said</u> closed space <u>being a part of a</u> [is a space inside an entire] building [or structure], and

said oxygen content-reducing device is incorporated into <u>an</u> air-conditioning system of said building [or structure] <u>and</u> using [the systems] ventilation ducts <u>of the</u>

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building [and equipment] for delivery of said nitrogen concentrate [hypoxic gas mixture] to said closed space.

Please add the following new claims:

- the air in the internal space having an oxygen concentration of about 7 to 11%.
- The invention according to claim 1 and exercise equipment for training of said user in said internal space of said breathing chamber.
- The invention according to claim 24 wherein said user is a non-human mammal.
 - The invention according to claim 1 and the air in the internal space having an oxygen concentration of about 11 to 15%.
 - The invention according to claim 1 and said entry having a doorjamb structure defining an entry opening in the chamber

